## Review

## Example

1. Suppose I am rolling a loaded die where 1 appears twice as often as the other faces, and all other faces appear equally likely. What is the mean value that I'll roll?

**Solution:** Suppose that my probability of rolling a 2 is p. Then the probability of rolling 3, 4, 5, 6 are all p and the probability of rolling 1 is 2p. Since this is a PDF, the sum of the probabilities must be 1 so 2p + p + p + p + p + p = 7p = 1 so  $p = \frac{1}{7}$ . So, the mean is

$$\mu = 2p(1) + p(2) + p(3) + p(4) + p(5) + p(6) = \frac{22}{7}.$$

## Problems

2. Graph the functions  $1/x^n$  for *n* even and odd,  $e^x$ ,  $e^{-x}$ ,  $\ln(x)$ , *x*,  $x^n$  for an even number and for an odd number greater than 1,  $\arctan(x)$ ,  $\sin(x)$ ,  $\cos(x)$ , and  $e^{-x^2}$ .